THE DAILY SPECIAL

## How to conquer your math phobia

Numeracy is a basic skill you can improve like any other, and games make it fun to do it

BY ARVIND GUPTA

o your palms start to sweat when your child comes to you with math homework? Does your mind turn blank or fuzzy when you look at all those strange symbols? Did you select your career in part due to how little math would be required?

If you answered yes to any of these questions, there's a good chance that you are among the 20 per cent of people who are prone to math anxiety. ple who are prone to math anxecy.

Math anxiety prevents many people—
regardless of intellectual ability — from
developing and using the skills they
need for numerical confidence in
school and in life. But it doesn't have to. If you can shift your focus off your anxiety and onto the math itself, you can replace your anxiety with confidence.

The reality is that basic mathematical

ability is not a special talent. It is a skill like any other that can be improved over time. And practice can be fun! If textbooks and worksheets give you a nervous stomach, set them aside for a while. Instead, try some of the many engaging and entertaining alternatives that are now available online, in daily newspapers or in your local toys and

games store.

If you have trouble with a particular area of math, review the basics by using an online program such as Math.com, Coolmath.com, or Math play ground.com. Sites like these offer lessons, games, puzzles and information that you and your children may enjoy. For more diverse explanations, try searching YouTube for your topic, for example "triangle proofs," "linear equations," "How to solve a Rubik's cube," or "Sudoku tips."

My favourite painless way to build problem-solving skills is through games and puzzles. The card game Set is a great way for all ages to strengthen visual perception and the ability to find patterns. Students in Grade I can play and beat adults, even mathematicians. If you have trouble with a particular



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If your palmes sweat when your kids come to you for help with math homework, you are done in the same in correct, you can feel ownership of the process and proud that you came up with a method that got parting for the process and proud that you ame up with a method that got parting for the process and proud that you ame up with a method that got parting for the Polossal Book of Mathematics, or The Colossal Book of Mathematics, or The

**ARVIND GUPTA ANSWERS YOUR MATH QUESTIONS** 

# Going beyond the math textbook



The stress of homework is getting to Zachary Drever, a Grade 3 student.

DARLENE COUWENBERGHS:

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I am a math teacher for the Delta chool district. I was so excited when I depend the paper this morning and by the preduction and can be extended in many ways. Can the students preduct their height from their forearm lees, I have only found one to go with the linear relations unit. The Applications projects don't cross over easily. I I am a math teacher for the Delta school district. I was so excited when I opened the paper this morning and found this lovely piece of journalism. I have been trying to make math more relevant by incorporating math projects into my classroom. I have been having difficulty with Math 10 Principles. I have only found one to go with the linear relations unit. The Applications projects don't cross over easily. I was wondering if you would know of any relevant projects, or if you could point me in the right direction.

What do they observe? This worth we ment, graphing and spretation and can be made to their height from any length? Let your student attivity to come up with the linear relations unit. The Applications projects don't cross over easily. I was wondering if you would know of any relevant projects, or if you could point me in the right direction.

What do they observe? This activity come ment, graphing and spretation and can be made pretation and can be made pr

with just a tape measure. In Leonardo Da Vinci's drawing of an idealized figure, the Vitruvian Man, the man's height is the same as his arm

Have your students test the hypothesis that these values are linearly related by having everyone in the class measure their height and their arm span with a tape measure. Plot these

Good luck, and I hope this helps!

Hello, Darlene.

Kudos to you for going beyond the textbook to introduce your students to applications of mathematics.

While there many physical phenomena that provide the opportunity to explore linear relationships, here is an in-class activity your students can do with just a tane measure.

What are your recommendations for the child in ale mentary skild in elementary school in Van-couver who loves math but finds all the materials provided in class 'too easy'? The child may not necessarily be a math prodigy but grasps concepts quickly and wants more challenging with the curriculum has provided so far, even when given material than the curriculum has provided so far, even when given material may be a provided in class 'too easy'? The child may be a provided in class 'too easy'? The child may not necessarily be a math prodigy but grasps concepts quickly and wants more challenging material than the curriculum has provided in class 'too easy'? The child may not necessarily be a math prodigy but grasps concepts quickly and wants more challenging material than the curriculum has provided in class 'too easy'? The child may not necessarily be a math prodigy but grasps concepts quickly and wants more challenging material than the curriculum has provided in class 'too easy'? The child may not necessarily be a math prodigy and wants more challenging material than the curriculum has provided in class 'too easy'? The child may not necessarily be a material than the curriculum has provided in class 'too easy'? The child may not necessarily be a material sprovided in class 'too easy'? The child may not necessarily be a material sprovided in class 'too easy'? The child may not necessarily be a material sprovided in class 'too easy'? The child may not necessarily be a material sprovided in class 'too easy'? The child may not necessarily be a material sprovided in class 'too easy'? The child may not necessarily be a material sprovided in class 'too easy'? The child may not necessarily be a material sprovided in class 'too eas from higher grades.

Hello, Diana.
I don't know if you are writing this question as a parent or teacher, my answer would be the same either

als (problems, articles and games) for teachers and learners from ages five to 19 years. All the resources are de-signed to develop subject knowledge, problem solving and mathematical thinking skills. Sudoku, Kakuro and Kenken games are other quick ideas for now. You will find many more suggestions

concept and can transfer the understanding to new situations rather than just memorizing "how to get the right answer".

For example, does the child think that 74 is an odd number because there is an odd digit in the 10's place? This kind of misconception is common if children just memorize a rule about 0, 2, 4, 6, 8 representing even numbers.

If the child has truly mastered a concept, the teacher and family need to decide if they want to move on to learning outcomes from higher grades to fulfill the child's need for challenge.

This may or may not be appropriate depending on the individual, but even if it is, the child may still need further challenge.

In either case, I would encourage.

if it is, the child may still need further challenge.

In either case, I would encourage ular method techniques. Go to puzzles on the topic of study to take the child to some higher level, deeper thinking.

A great site to look at is www.nrich.maths.org which provides column.

### MATH TIPS | For parents

Breathe. Your past experiences with math are not the same as your child's, and your own experiences with mathematics now can be different from those you had in school. You may be surprised at how much easier it is to understand math away from the social pressures or performance expectations of the classroom.

Try looking at a math concept as you might watch a play or read a book. Give yourself time to understand the whole story. Come back to it multiple times and look at it from different perspectives. Give yourself as much time as it takes to solve the problem

Treat math like yoga, cooking, playing an instrument or a doing a martial art: realize that with practice, you can master the parts that are purely skills. The parts that are not skills can be appreciated even if they cannot be mastered. Set aside some time for practising math every day.

Work with your kids on math starting in Grade 1, and relearn math as they learn. This way, when they come to you with Grade 8 homework, you will be prepared. Don't assume that your child is learning a math skill the same way you learned it in school; chances

how they tackled a problem in class and try to support her in that strategy. The goals of mathematics education may have changed since you stumbled through learning the steps of long division. The focus in today's classrooms is on understanding and using the concepts, not just memorizing the how-to steps. Progressive educators take students from the concrete to the abstract. Think kinesthetic (hands-on), verbal, or visual learning first, paper and pencil later. Move those blocks dice, or paper clips around before you write down the math equation on pa-

pens around us. As often as you can, help your child see mathematics as skills about ideas, logic, problem solving, patterns, and tools to make sense

Be positive and encouraging. Really believe that your child can learn to love math and your confidence will be contagious. If your child is struggling, do not say, "I always hated math, too." Or, "I wasn't good at math, either." Or, attitudes. If Mom says she couldn't do it, then a child may believe her fate is already spelled out the same. It is never too late for you to learn. **Work out math problems together.** Don't be embarrassed! Contact your child's teacher for guidance. Search online for a video about the topic in

It may be difficult for you to go through this process if you have your own emotional baggage about math, but it would provide excellent modelling of self-confidence, perseverance, and problem-solving. If sticking it out isn't possible for you when your child gets into higher grades, look for outside support for your child. Find a relative or friend who is com-fortable with math, or a professional